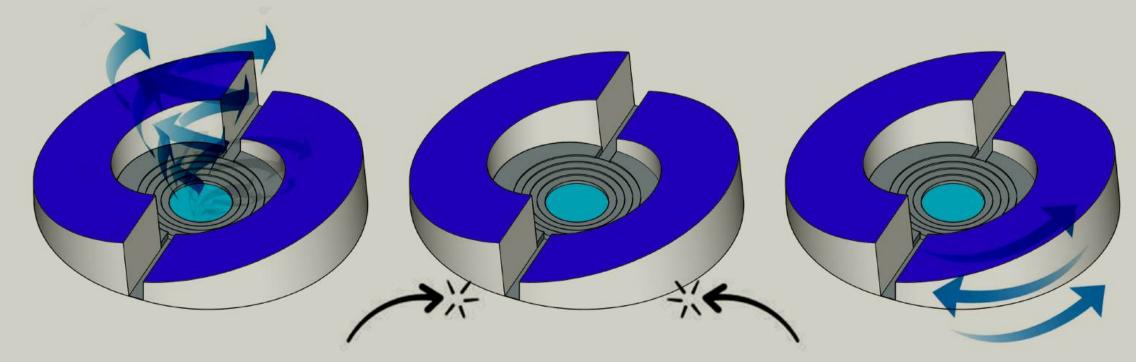


Marou Village, Fiji: Coastal Community Challenges
Climate change is a global issue and the Marou village in Fiji in Oceania isn't remain untouched with huge impact on the lives of its residents, it resulted I rising sea levels, rapidly warming waters, prolonged droughts and storms of increasing severity due to atmospheric greenhouse gas pollution.

Concept Narrative

In adverse climatic situations as Fiji experience the Cyclone of range 5, which is a highly severe category, a sustainable cyclone resistant structure has been proposed BURE RING, the term derived honouring traditional homes 'Bure' in traditional Fijian houses which are of vernacular typology and were cyclone resistant structures. It is often observed that renewable energy elements when merged in a built form often tends to degrade the aesthetics of the architecture. In designing the Bure Ring, it has been taken care that the renewable energy elements not just only act as a catalyst to the functioning of the building but also enhances the aesthetics of the built form. In fact, the form has been derived to facilitate the renewable energy elements.



CYCLONE-RESISTANT

EARTHQUAKE-RESISTANT

WIND-RESISTANT

Wind Resistance

The aerodynamic shape of circular buildings minimizes wind turbulence. Wind flows smoothly around curved edges.

Solar efficiency

Circular form provides 360 degrees orientation for placement of solar panels to capture sunlight.

Cyclone Resistance

With no sharp edges to catch gusts, circular buildings are better suited to cyclonic winds. Continuous rounded surface helps reduce drag, lowering chances of structural damage during extreme weather events.

